## **Template for AFAST®**

Patient Positioning: Right Lateral □ Lef	t Lateral 🗖 🏻 1	Modified Sterna	al 🗆 Standing 🗆	Sternal □	
Gallbladder unrem Urinary Bladder unrem			terminate □ not as terminate □ not as		
<b>DH View</b> Pleural Effusion Pericardial Effusion			erminate $\square$ not asserminate $\square$ not ass		
Caudal Vena Cava	unremarkable (BOUNCE) □ small (flat) □ distended (FAT) □ indeterminate □ not assessed □				
Hepatic Venous Distension unremarkable distended indeterminate not assessed □					
AFAST Fluid Scoring					
DH SR/HR CC SI Umbilical	0	1/2 $\square$ 1/2 $\square$ 1/2 $\square$ 1/2 $\square$	1		
Total Abdominal Fluid Score (AFS) 0-4 =					
<b>HR5th View</b> $0 \square 1/2\square 1\square$ (not part of the AFS)					
Focused Spleen unremarkable $□$ abnormal $□$ indeterminate $□$ not assessed $□$					
Comments					

**Qualifier:** The AFAST® exam is an ultrasound examination used to detect the presence of free abdominal fluid (which is generally abnormal) as a screening test in order to better direct resuscitation efforts and diagnostic testing, detect complications, and manage critically ill patients. AFAST allows rapid but indirect assessment for evidence of major internal abdominal organ injury or disease. The AFAST exam is not intended to replace a complete detailed abdominal ultrasound of the abdomen or abdominal radiography.

Created by Gregory Lisciandro, DVM, DABVP, DACVECC, CEO of FASTVet.com and President, International Veterinary Point-of-care Ultrasound Society, IVPOCUS.org



## **Template for TFAST®**

Pneumothorax?	Left CTS: absent □ present □ indeterminate □ not assessed □ Lung Point: upper 1/3 □ middle 1/3 □ lower 1/3 □ indeterminate □
	Right CTS: absent □ present □ indeterminate □ not assessed □ Lung Point : upper 1/3 □ middle 1/3 □ lower 1/3 □ indeterminate □
Pleural Effusion?	Left PCS: absent □ present □ indeterminate □ not assessed □ trivial < 5 mm □ mild < 1cm □ moderate >1 cm< 2 cm □ severe >2 cm □ Right PCS: absent □ present □ indeterminate □ not assessed □ trivial < 5 mm □ mild < 1cm □ moderate >1 cm< 2 cm □ severe >2 cm □
Pericardial Effusio	n? absent □ present □ indeterminate □ not assessed □ trivial < 5 mm □ mild < 1cm □ moderate > 1 cm < 2 cm □ severe > 2 cm □
TFAST® Echo Views	
Right PCS	LVSA Volume - unremarkable□ abnormal □ indeterminate □ not assessed □  LVSA Contractility (FS%) - unremarkable□ abnormal □ indeterminate □ not assessed □  LA:Ao Ratio - unremarkable□ abnormal □ indeterminate □ not assessed □  RV:LV Ratio - unremarkable□ abnormal □ indeterminate □ not assessed □
Caudal Vena Cava	unremarkable (BOUNCE) □ small (flat) □ distended (FAT) □ indeterminate □ not assessed □
Hepatic Venous Dist	ension (Tree Trunk Sign) unremarkable□ distended □ indeterminate □ not assessed □
Comments	

**KEY: CTS** = chest tube site; **PCS** = pericardial sac; **LV** = left ventricle, **PTX** = pneumothorax, **LVSA**: left ventricular short-axis view, **LA:AO** aortic to left atrial ratio on short-axis view, **RVLV**: right ventricular to left ventricular ratio on long-axis view.

**Qualifier:** The TFAST® exam is an ultrasound examination used to detect pleural and pericardial effusion, major thoracic wall, lung, and heart abnormalities as a screening test in order to better direct resuscitation efforts or manage hospitalized critically ill patients. TFAST® exam is not intended to replace thoracic radiographs, or complete detailed echocardiography.

Created by Gregory Lisciandro, DVM, DABVP, DACVECC, CEO of FASTVet.com and President, International Veterinary Point-of-care Ultrasound Society, IVPOCUS.org

## Template for Vet BLUE®

**Ask Yourself?** Wet vs. Dry? Number of B-lines? Anything off the Lung Line? Are you mistaking abdominal contents for lung pathology?

Left	Cd 0 □ 1-3 □ >3 □ ∞ □ Shred □ size Tissue □ size Nodule □ size Wedge □ size_ OB indeterminate □ not accessed □
	OR indeterminate □ not assessed □  Ph 0 □ 1-3 □ >3 □ ∞ □ Shred □ size Tissue □ size Nodule □ size Wedge □ size_ OR indeterminate □ not assessed □
	Md 0 □ 1-3 □ >3 □ ∞ □ Shred □ size Tissue □ size Nodule □ size Wedge □ size_ OR indeterminate □ not assessed □
	Cr 0 □ 1-3 □ >3 □ ∞ □ Shred □ size Tissue □ size Nodule □ size Wedge □ size_ OR indeterminate □ not assessed □
Right	Cd 0 □ 1-3 □ >3 □ ∞ □ Shred □ sizeTissue □ size Nodule □ size Wedge □ size_ OR indeterminate □ not assessed □
	<b>Ph</b> 0 □ 1-3 □ >3 □ ∞ □ Shred □ size Tissue □ size Nodule □ size Wedge □ size_
	OR indeterminate □ not assessed □  Md 0 □ 1-3 □ >3 □ ∞ □ Shred □ size Tissue □ size Nodule □ size Wedge □ size OR indeterminate □ not assessed □
	Cr 0 □ 1-3 □ >3 □ ∞ □ Shred □ size Tissue □ size Nodule □ size Wedge □ size OR indeterminate □ not assessed □
DH	0 □ 1-3 □ >3 □ ∞ □ Shred □ size Tissue □ size Nodule □ size Wedge □ size OR indeterminate □ not assessed □
KEY: S	<b>sh:</b> Shred Sign, <b>Ti</b> : Tissue Sign, <b>Nd</b> : Nodule; <b>Wdg:</b> Wedge
Comm	ents & Conclusions

**Qualifier:** The Vet BLUE® lung ultrasound exam is a screening test for many conditions that affect the lung surface such as heart failure, pneumonia, nodular disease, and others. Vet BLUE® helps characterize respiratory conditions as a screening test. Vet BLUE® is not meant to replace thoracic radiography or computed tomography.

Created by Gregory Lisciandro, DVM, DABVP, DACVECC, CEO of FASTVet.com and President, International Veterinary Point-of-care Ultrasound Society, IVPOCUS.org

